(vii) Several fiscal incentives are provided to encourage investment in Housing and some more have been announced in the Budget Speech (1987-88).

Subarnarekha project

2325. SHRI CHITTA BASU: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to refer to the answer to the Unstarred Question 2388 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 28th November, 1986 and state:

(a) when the Subarnarekha project is expected to be completed;

(b) how many dams have since been completed;

(c) how many families have so far been displaced and how many of them rehabilitated; and

(d) what is the total estimated cost for the purpose of rehabilitation?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) The project is expected to be completed by 1993-94.

(b) no dam has since been completed.

(c) 25 families have been shifted upto end of March, 1987.

(d) Rs. 14.71 crores.

Civic amenities in resettlement colonies

2326. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the colonies by name Nand Nagri and Seema Puri resettlement colonies located about 25 kilometer away from Delhi city are suffering from lack of civic amenities; and

(b) what steps Government have taken to improve the conditions of the colonies that sprang up in recent years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) No, Sir. The colonies Nand Nagari and Seemapuri are provided with civic amenities. Internal roads and Storm Water drains are existing in these colonies and water supply through public hydrants is being given to Nand Nagri from tubewells and in Seemapuri water supply is provided through public hydrants from tubewells and Ganga water. Besides this, hand pumps are also provided in these colonies. These colonies have also been provided community toilet blocks with septic tanks. Facility of street lighting also exists in these colonies and the same is maintained by DESU for and on behalf of DDA, which bears the entire cost thereof. Both the resettlement colonies viz. Nandnagri and Seemapuri are also electrified with facility of street lighting.

(b) Government has taken steps to further improve civic amenities in these resettlement colonies and a scheme under the head-Additional facilities — is in operation. Work of providing water supply lines and sewerage is in progress. Individual water connections to each plot holder is likely to be given shortly after completion of water supply lines.

Fire preventive arrangements in multi-storey buildings

2327. DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY:

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Delhi Administration had recently written to the Central Government for according permission to raise Multi-storey Buildings in New Delhi and Delhi;

(b) whether provision for fire prevention arrangements were made compulsory while granting permission to raise such buildings;

(c) whether it is a fact that several buildings (Multi-storey) are still without any fire preventive arrangements; and

(d) if so, what action has been taken against those buildings which have not provided fire preventive arrangement?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a), (b) and (c) 2 proposals received from the Delhi Administration to accord permission to raise multi-storey buildings are under process while exemption from height restriction has been granted in respect of the third. Under the Delhi Fire Prevention & Fire Safety Act, 1986, the Chief Fire Officer is empowered to take all necessary measures for the provision of fire safety in all the multi-storey buildings in Delhi. Legal notices have accordingly been issued to the owners/occupiers of high rise buildings, identified as unsafe from fire safety point of view, for providing minimum fire safety requirements by 30-9-87.

(c) Yes, Sir.

Permission to MMTC for import of urea

2328. DR. BAPU KALDATE:
SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) what was the total quantity of fertilisers imported during 1984-85, 1985-86 and 1986-87;

(b) whether it is a fact that Government have imported 10 lakh tonnes urea for 1986-87;

(c) whether the officials of the M.M.T.C. had written to Government to permit this import;

(d) whether the Government had considered the fertilisers position in the country and the demand for fertilisers; and

(e) what prevailed upon Government to permit/allow M.M.T.C. to import 70 lakh tonnes for 1986-87?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FERTILISERS IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI R. PRABHU): (a) The quantity of fertilisers imported during 1984-85 to 1986-87 was as under:—

S.No.	Year	Qty. imported (in lakh tonnes of material)
1.	1984-85	68·56
2.	1985-86	61.88
3.	1986-87	42·86

(b) 21.75 lakh tonnes of urea was imported during 1986-87.

(c) No, sir.

(d) Yes, sir.

(e) A quantity of 42.86 lakh tonnes of fertiliser materials was imported during 1986-87 to bridge the gap between the assessed demand and expected indigenous supply of the fertilisers.

Sale of edible oils through P.D.S. received under CLUSA oil project

2329. SHRI RAM AWADHESH SINGH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether under CLUSA oil project a large quantity of gifted vegetable oils has been received for sale